

BOTOX[®]
COSMETIC
onabotulinumtoxinA injection



A quick guide to BOTOX[®] Cosmetic reconstitution

BOTOX[®] Cosmetic (onabotulinumtoxinA) Important Information

Indications

BOTOX[®] Cosmetic (onabotulinumtoxinA) is indicated in adult patients for the temporary improvement in the appearance of:

- Moderate to severe glabellar lines associated with corrugator and/or procerus muscle activity
- Moderate to severe lateral canthal lines associated with orbicularis oculi activity
- Moderate to severe forehead lines associated with frontalis activity
- Moderate to severe platysma bands associated with platysma muscle activity

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION, INCLUDING BOXED WARNING

WARNING: DISTANT SPREAD OF TOXIN EFFECT

Postmarketing reports indicate that the effects of BOTOX[®] Cosmetic and all botulinum toxin products may spread from the area of injection to produce symptoms consistent with botulinum toxin effects. These may include asthenia, generalized muscle weakness, diplopia, ptosis, dysphagia, dysphonia, dysarthria, urinary incontinence, and breathing difficulties. These symptoms have been reported hours to weeks after injection. Swallowing and breathing difficulties can be life threatening and there have been reports of death. The risk of symptoms is probably greatest in children treated for spasticity, but symptoms can also occur in adults treated for spasticity and other conditions, particularly in those patients who have an underlying condition that would predispose them to these symptoms. In unapproved uses and approved indications, cases of spread of effect have been reported at doses comparable to those used to treat cervical dystonia and spasticity and at lower doses.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on following pages.

Why reconstitution is important



Reconstitution impacts safe and effective use of the product¹

The reconstituted formulation of BOTOX[®] Cosmetic was studied in clinical trials and is critical to achieve the correct dose. Results seen in clinical trials were achieved using this FDA-approved reconstitution process.¹



Reconstitution, dosage, and injection techniques all play an important part in delivering desired results to patients.¹

What you will need¹

PRODUCT: Unreconstituted 50-Unit or 100-Unit vials should be refrigerated at 36°F to 46°F (2°C to 8°C)



DILUENT: Sterile, preservative-free 0.9% sodium chloride injection USP



TOOLS: Appropriately sized syringes and needles, alcohol swabs, gloves



On-label reconstitution contributes to predictable outcomes and repeatable results¹

Any change to reconstitution may lead to an underdiluted OR overdiluted formulation.

UNDERDILUTING

Underdilution, or using less than 2.5 mL of diluent, has not been studied in clinical trials.



ON-LABEL BOTOX[®] COSMETIC RECONSTITUTION¹



OVERDILUTING

Overdilution, or using more than 2.5 mL of diluent, has not been studied in clinical trials.



IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

CONTRAINDICATIONS

BOTOX[®] Cosmetic is contraindicated in the presence of infection at the proposed injection site(s) and in individuals with known hypersensitivity to any botulinum toxin preparation or to any of the components in the formulation.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

Lack of Equivalency Between Botulinum Toxin Products

The potency Units of BOTOX[®] Cosmetic are specific to the preparation and assay method utilized. BOTOX[®] Cosmetic is not equivalent to other preparations of botulinum toxin products, and therefore, Units of biological activity of BOTOX[®] Cosmetic cannot be compared to nor converted into Units of any other botulinum toxin products assessed with any other specific assay method.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on following pages.

4 steps to reconstitution

1. Inspect the vial and packaging



Ensure you have authentic BOTOX[®] Cosmetic. Look for the tamper-evident seal and the US license number 1889 on the box and a rainbow holographic film with the name Allergan and a vacuum seal on the vial.¹

2. Prepare the saline



Draw up 2.5 mL of saline if you are reconstituting a 100-Unit vial—or 1.25 mL if you are reconstituting a 50-Unit vial. The reconstituted concentration should be 4 Units/0.1 mL.¹

SALINE DILUTION REMINDERS¹:



100-UNIT VIAL
2.5 mL of saline



50-UNIT VIAL
1.25 mL of saline

Reconstituted concentration: **4 Units = 0.1 mL**

3. Mix the solution



Slowly insert the saline syringe into the top of the vial. Let the vacuum pull the saline inside. Disconnect the syringe from the needle, then gently mix BOTOX[®] Cosmetic with the saline by swirling the vial.¹

4. Store reconstituted product until injection



Record the date and time of reconstitution in the space on the label. If not using immediately, refrigerate reconstituted BOTOX[®] Cosmetic vials at 36°F to 46°F (2°C to 8°C). Use within 24 hours because product and diluent do not contain a preservative.¹

Contact Allergan Aesthetics at 1-800-890-4345 with any questions or concerns about your BOTOX[®] Cosmetic product.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Spread of Toxin Effect

Please refer to Boxed Warning for Distant Spread of Toxin Effect.

No definitive serious adverse event reports of distant spread of toxin effect associated with dermatologic use of BOTOX[®] Cosmetic at the labeled dose of 20 Units (for glabellar lines), 24 Units (for lateral canthal lines), 40 Units (for forehead lines with glabellar lines), 44 Units (for simultaneous treatment of lateral canthal lines and glabellar lines), and 64 Units (for simultaneous treatment of lateral canthal lines, glabellar lines, and forehead lines) have been reported. Patients or caregivers should be advised to seek immediate medical care if swallowing, speech, or respiratory disorders occur.

Serious Adverse Reactions With Unapproved Use

Serious adverse reactions, including excessive weakness, dysphagia, and aspiration pneumonia, with some adverse reactions associated with fatal outcomes, have been reported in patients who received BOTOX[®] injections for unapproved uses. In these cases, the adverse reactions were not necessarily related to distant spread of toxin, but may have resulted from the administration of BOTOX[®] to the site of injection and/or adjacent structures. In several of the cases, patients had preexisting dysphagia or other significant disabilities.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on following pages.

Prepare for injection after reconstitution

moderate to severe

FOREHEAD LINES

20 Units¹

moderate to severe

GLABELLAR LINES

20 Units¹

moderate to severe

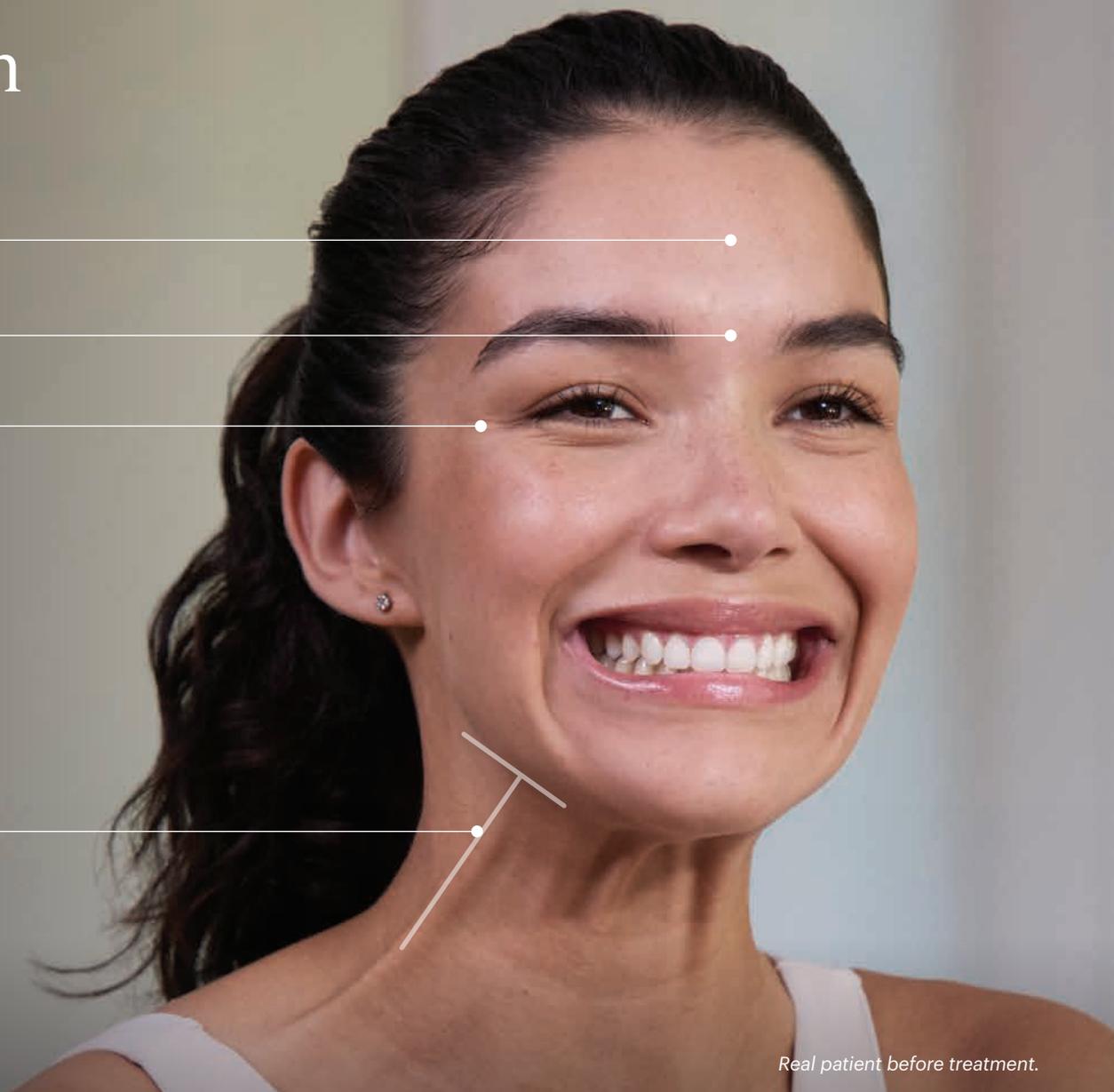
LATERAL CANTHAL LINES

24 Units (12 Units each side)¹

moderate to severe

PLATYSMA BANDS

26U, 31U, or 36U
based on severity¹



Real patient before treatment.

- Attach a new sterile syringe and draw the required amount of reconstituted BOTOX[®] Cosmetic solution into the syringe¹
- Consider using a separate syringe for each area treated
- Angle the needle into the bottom corner of the vial for full extraction
- Do not completely invert the vial
- Expel any air bubbles in the syringe barrel¹



Scan here to watch a step-by-step
Reconstitution Video

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Serious Adverse Reactions With Unapproved Use (continued)

There is insufficient information to identify factors associated with an increased risk for adverse reactions associated with the unapproved uses of BOTOX[®]. The safety and effectiveness of BOTOX[®] for unapproved uses have not been established.

Hypersensitivity Reactions

Serious and/or immediate hypersensitivity reactions have been reported. These reactions include anaphylaxis, serum sickness, urticaria, soft-tissue edema, and dyspnea. If such a reaction occurs, discontinue further injection of BOTOX[®] Cosmetic and immediately institute appropriate medical therapy. One fatal case of anaphylaxis has been reported in which lidocaine was used as the diluent and, consequently, the causal agent cannot be reliably determined.

Cardiovascular System

There have been reports following administration of BOTOX[®] of adverse events involving the cardiovascular system, including arrhythmia and myocardial infarction, some with fatal outcomes. Some of these patients had risk factors, including preexisting cardiovascular disease. Use caution when administering to patients with preexisting cardiovascular disease.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on following pages.



Real patients treated for the appearance of moderate to severe forehead lines, lateral canthal lines, and glabellar lines. Results may vary.

For moderate to severe forehead lines, lateral canthal lines, and glabellar lines:

The required amount of reconstituted BOTOX[®] Cosmetic solution is¹:



20 Units | 0.5 mL for moderate to severe forehead lines



24 Units | 0.6 mL for moderate to severe lateral canthal lines



20 Units | 0.5 mL for moderate to severe glabellar lines

Reconstituted concentration: **4 Units = 0.1 mL**

Visuals are of 1-mL syringes and are not to scale.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Increased Risk of Clinically Significant Effects With Preexisting Neuromuscular Disorders

Patients with neuromuscular disorders may be at increased risk of clinically significant effects, including generalized muscle weakness, diplopia, ptosis, dysphonia, dysarthria, severe dysphagia, and respiratory compromise from onabotulinumtoxinA (see *Warnings and Precautions*). Monitor individuals with peripheral motor neuropathic diseases, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis or neuromuscular junction disorders (eg, myasthenia gravis or Lambert-Eaton syndrome) when given botulinum toxin.

Dysphagia and Breathing Difficulties

Treatment with BOTOX[®] and other botulinum toxin products can result in swallowing or breathing difficulties. Patients with preexisting swallowing or breathing difficulties may be more susceptible to these complications. In most cases, this is a consequence of weakening of muscles in the area of injection that are involved in breathing or oropharyngeal muscles that control swallowing or breathing (see *Boxed Warning*).

Please see additional Important Safety Information on following pages.

For moderate to severe platysma bands:

The required amount of reconstituted BOTOX[®] Cosmetic solution is¹:



26 Units | 0.65 mL: 8 Units in the jawline per side; 5 Units in each band, 1 band on each side



31 Units | 0.78 mL: 8 Units in the jawline per side; 5 Units in each band, 1 band on one side and 2 bands on the other side



36 Units | 0.9 mL: 8 Units in the jawline per side; 5 Units in each band, 2 bands on each side

Reconstituted concentration: **4 Units = 0.1 mL**

Visuals are of 1-mL syringes and are not to scale.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Preexisting Conditions at the Injection Site

Use caution when BOTOX[®] Cosmetic treatment is used in the presence of inflammation at the proposed injection site(s) or when excessive weakness or atrophy is present in the target muscle(s).

Dry Eye in Patients Treated With BOTOX[®] Cosmetic

There have been reports of dry eye associated with BOTOX[®] Cosmetic injection in or near the orbicularis oculi muscle. If symptoms of dry eye (eg, eye irritation, photophobia, or visual changes) persist, consider referring patients to an ophthalmologist.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on back page.

Real patient treated for the appearance of moderate to severe platysma bands.

Results may vary.



Scan here to watch
a step-by-step
Reconstitution Video



IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Human Albumin and Transmission of Viral Diseases

This product contains albumin, a derivative of human blood. Based on effective donor screening and product manufacturing processes, it carries a remote risk for transmission of viral diseases and variant Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (vCJD). There is a theoretical risk for transmission of Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (CJD), which would also be considered remote. No cases of transmission of viral diseases, CJD, or vCJD have ever been identified for licensed albumin or albumin contained in other licensed products.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

The most frequently reported adverse reactions following injection of BOTOX[®] Cosmetic for glabellar lines were eyelid ptosis (3%), facial pain (1%), facial paresis (1%), and muscular weakness (1%).

The most frequently reported adverse reaction following injection of BOTOX[®] Cosmetic for lateral canthal lines was eyelid edema (1%).

The most frequently reported adverse reactions following injection of BOTOX[®] Cosmetic for forehead lines with glabellar lines were headache (9%), brow ptosis (2%), and eyelid ptosis (2%).

The safety profile of BOTOX[®] Cosmetic treatment of platysma bands is consistent with the known safety profile of BOTOX[®] Cosmetic for other indications.

DRUG INTERACTIONS

Coadministration of BOTOX[®] Cosmetic and aminoglycosides or other agents interfering with neuromuscular transmission (eg, curare-like compounds) should only be performed with caution as the effect of the toxin may be potentiated. Use of anticholinergic drugs after administration of BOTOX[®] Cosmetic may potentiate systemic anticholinergic effects.

The effect of administering different botulinum neurotoxin products at the same time or within several months of each other is unknown. Excessive neuromuscular weakness may be exacerbated by administration of another botulinum toxin prior to the resolution of the effects of a previously administered botulinum toxin.

Excessive weakness may also be exaggerated by administration of a muscle relaxant before or after administration of BOTOX[®] Cosmetic.

USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

There are no studies or adequate data from postmarketing surveillance on the developmental risk associated with use of BOTOX[®] Cosmetic in pregnant women. There are no data on the presence of BOTOX[®] Cosmetic in human or animal milk, the effects on the breastfed child, or the effects on milk production.

Please see accompanying BOTOX[®] Cosmetic full Prescribing Information, including Boxed Warning, or visit https://www.rxabbvie.com/pdf/botox-cosmetic_pi.pdf

Reference: 1. BOTOX[®] Cosmetic Prescribing Information, October 2024.